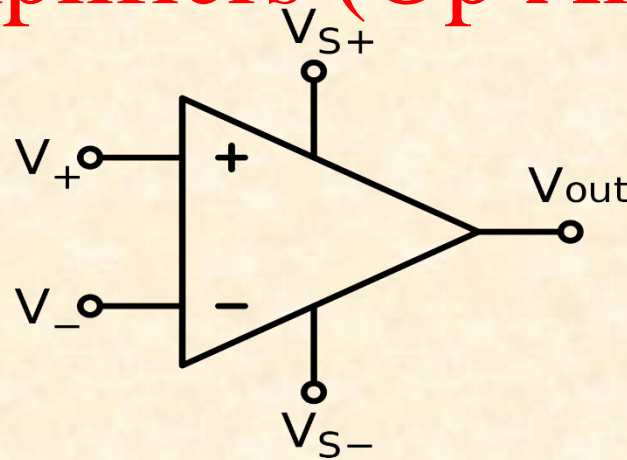
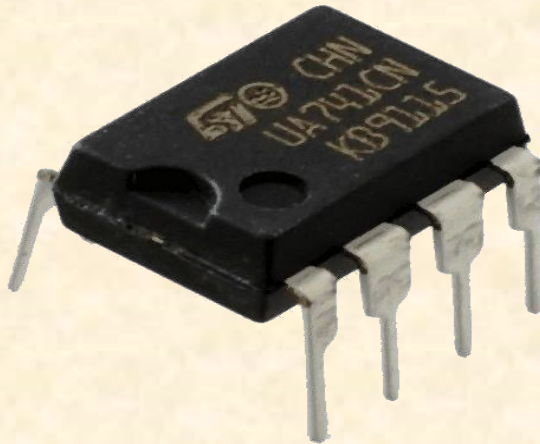


Second stage : Power electronics



Operational Amplifiers (Op Amps)



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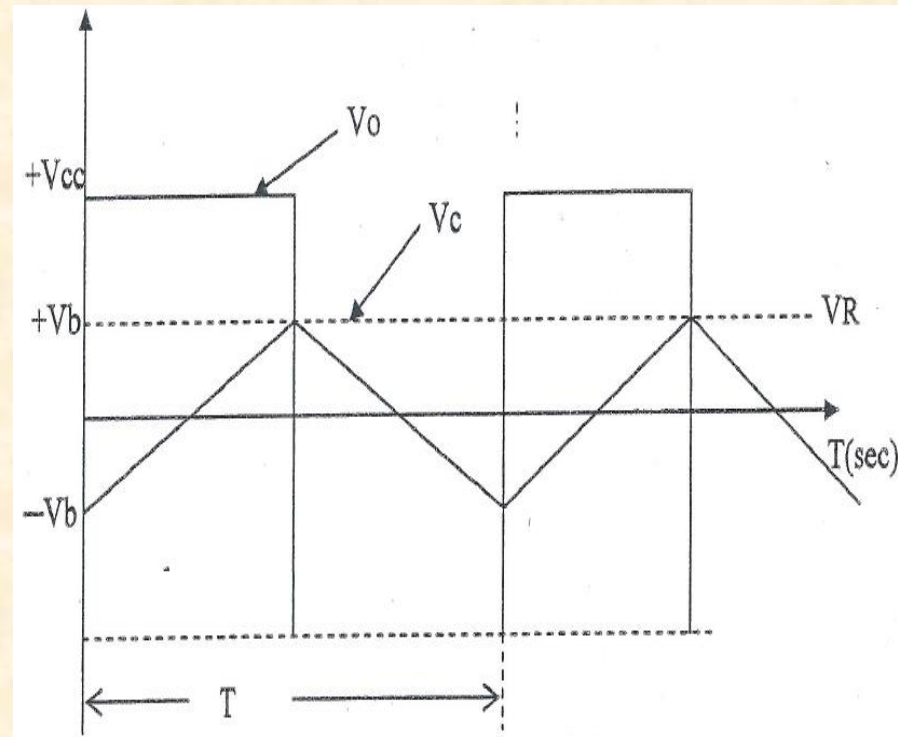
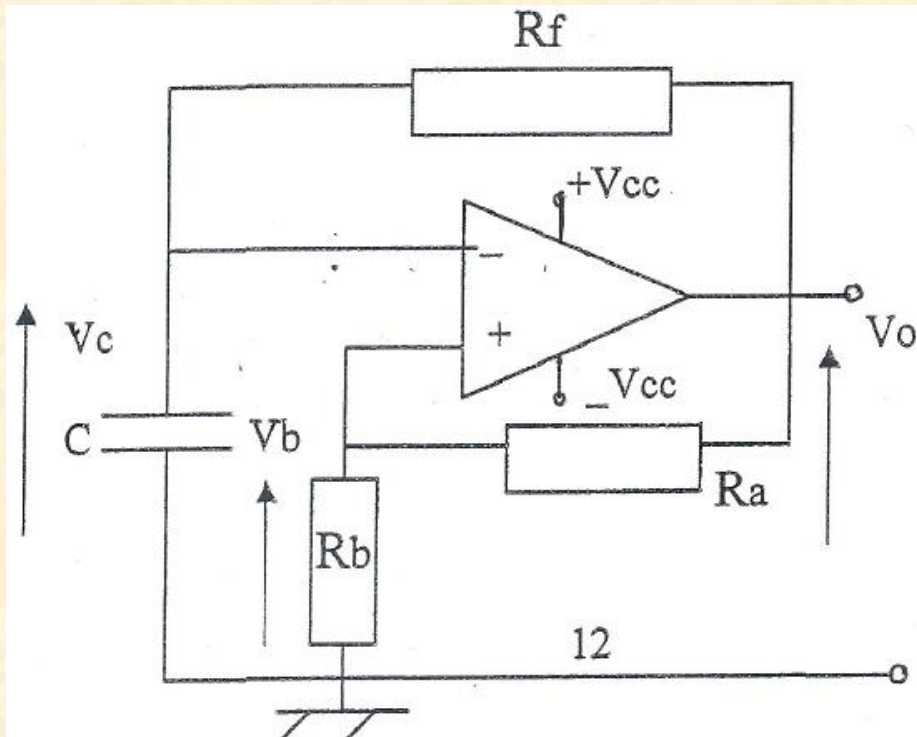
Outline

Non-Linear Application of Op-Amp

- Op-amp Signal Generator
- Example
- Op-amp Zero Crossing Detector
- Example
- The Comparator

OP-AMP Signal Generator

OP-AMP Signal Generator:- It has negative and positive feedback circuits (a) R_f = negative feedback resistance and (b) K = positive feedback coefficient, $K = [R_b/R_a + R_b]$, see figure bellow.



Cont.

V_b = non-linear input of the op-amp (v)

$$V_b = kV_o = \pm kV_{cc} \quad (1)$$

T = the periodic time of the output/input signals (sec)

$$T = 2R_F C \ln \frac{1+k}{1-k} \quad (2)$$

F = Frequency of the generated signals (Hz)

$$F = \frac{1}{T} \quad (3)$$

Example:- Op-amp signal generator, if $R_a=R_b$, $R_f = 10K\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$, and $V_{cc} = \pm 18V$; Find (1) V_b and (2) Frequency F

SOL.

$$(1) V_b = kV_o = \pm kV_{cc}$$

$$K = \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} = 0.5$$

Cont.

$$V_b = \pm 0.5 \times 18 = \pm 9$$

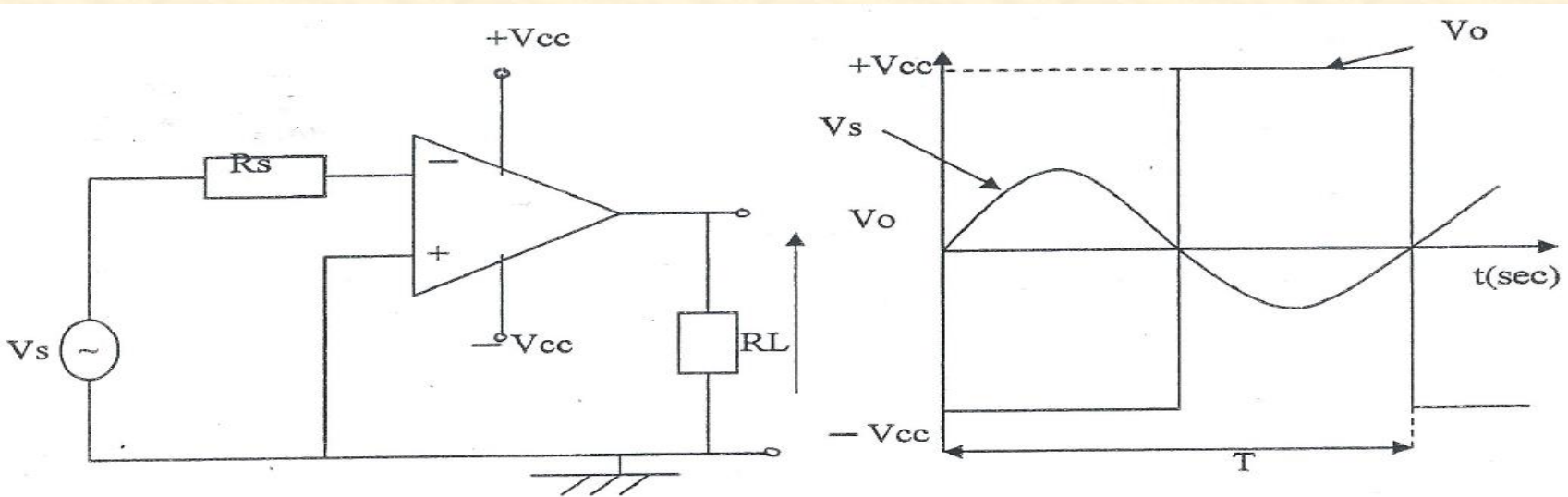
$$(2) T = 2R_f C \ln \frac{1+k}{1-k}$$

$$T = 2 \times 10 \times 10^4 \times 0.1 \times 10^{-6} \ln \frac{1+0.5}{1-0.5} = 2.197 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$F = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{2.197 \times 10^{-3}} = 455 \text{ Hz}$$

OP-AMP Zero Crossing Detector

OP-AMP Zero Crossing Detector:- This is one of the open loop application of op-amp, also called sinewave to square wave converter.



$$V_o = \pm V_{CC} \quad \text{and} \quad F_o = F_i = 1/T = \omega/2\pi$$

Example:

Op-amp, Zero crossing detector has $V_{CC} = \pm 15v$, $V_s = 5\sin 337t$

a- draw the power circuit diagram, (b) Sketch the input-output waveforms

c- calculate F_o

SOL.

(a) And (b) as shown in Figure above (previous slide)

(c) $F_o = F_i = 1/T = \omega/2\pi$, $\omega = 377$

$$F_o = 377 / (2 \times 3.14) = 60\text{Hz}$$

The Comparator

The Comparator:- This is also one of the open loop applications of op-amp. It is used to compare two voltages one of it's a dc voltage called reference voltage [V_R]

